

## **Calibration certificate**

Specification

Air temperature sensor accuracy

±0.2 °C

## Measured values and uncertainties of calibration

Reference sensor mean temp.(°C)	-0.28	10.18	20.00	29.81	39.84
Sensor mean temperature (°C)	-0.27	10.18	20.01	29.82	39.84
Mean temperature error (°C)	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00

	Max error	Uncertainty (k=2)
Air temperature sensor error	0.01 °C	±0.04 °C

Reference standards	Ref. no.	Lab. Ref.	Certificate no.	Calibration date
Data acquisition unit	RUK41380	0152	U380341	6th November 2023
Reference Thermistor	RUK35597	200348-0	4500044055	23rd May 2024

Authorised signature	Signatory	Position	Issue date
l'i Q	Dave Wall	Director & General Manager	20th September 2024

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Certificate number 30G767-240919-00

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## **Calibration notes**

- Lasers (XM, XL, ML, HS and RLU) are calibrated by comparison to a reference HeNe laser using an
  optical beat frequency technique. Reference lasers are routinely calibrated against an iodine-stabilised
  HeNe laser supplied by the National Physical Laboratory (NPL), or by a national standards laboratory. All
  frequency measurements are taken over a 1 hour period.
- 2. Air pressure and relative humidity (RH) sensors are installed in a compensator (XC and RCU). The air pressure sensors are calibrated over 650 mbar to 1150 mbar range in a temperature controlled oven by direct comparison with a reference pressure meter. The RH sensors (where fitted) are certified by the manufacturer to be within specification. They are calibrated by comparison of the readings with those from a reference RH meter at a single applied humidity.
- 3. Air and material temperature sensors (XC and RCU) are calibrated by direct comparison with transfer platinum resistance thermometers (PRTs) in a temperature controlled water bath over 0 °C to 40 °C (50 °C for material sensor). The transfer PRTs are routinely calibrated against reference PRTs.
- 4. Rotary axis calibrators (XR20) are calibrated using a HeNe laser angular interferometer.
- 5. Ballbar transducers (QC20 and QC10) are calibrated using a HeNe laser interferometer. The scale factor (QC10 only) is calculated and must be entered into the Renishaw application software prior to use.
- 6. Ballbar calibrators are calibrated by direct comparison with a reference ballbar calibrator (calibrated by a national standards laboratory) using a reference ballbar as a transfer standard. The measured values for the ballbar calibrator must be entered into the Renishaw application software prior to use.
- Traceability. All the reference standards (listed overleaf) used in these calibrations are traceable either directly to major international metrology institutes who have signed the CIPM Mutual Recognition Agreement (e.g. NPL: UK; LNE: France; NIST: USA; PTB: Germany; NMIJ: Japan) or to a national accreditation body (e.g. UKAS: UK; A2LA: USA).
- 8. Environment. The equipment used for calibration is in a facility held between 15 °C and 25 °C.
- 9. Uncertainty calculations. The uncertainty calculations have been carried out according to the European Co-operation for Accreditation document EA-4/02.
- **10.** *Quality accreditation.* All calibrations above are covered by Renishaw's ISO 9001 quality assurance system. The system is audited and certified by an accredited agency.
- 11. Re-calibration. Customers may wish to confirm that systems are performing within published specifications over time. If so, it is recommended that they should be periodically re-calibrated. Please note that compensators and temperature sensors are re-calibrated only at a single applied temperature, air pressure and humidity. Please refer to the appropriate system manual for further details.

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